

भ्रुवौ भुग्ने किंचिद् भुवन-भय-भङ्ग-व्यसनिनि त्वदीये नेताभ्यां मधुकर-रुचिभ्यां धृतगुणम् । धनु-र्मन्ये सव्य इतरकर-गृहीतं रतिपते: प्रकोष्ठे मुष्टौ च स्थगयति निगूढान्तर-मुमे ॥४७॥

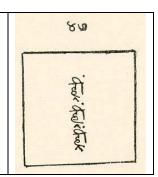
<u>Sri umaayai namaha</u> Power to attract gods and men sakala devataa priti

उमे Oh, Uma! भुवन-भय-भङ्ग-व्यसनिनि ever bent on dispelling the fears of the world ! मन्ये I think, त्वदीये किंचिद् भुग्ने Your slightly bent भ्रुवौ eyebrows are the रतिपते: धनु: bow of Rati's consort ! (the bow is provided with Your) मधुकर-रुचिभ्यां नेताभ्यां bee-like pair of eyes as धृतगुणम् bowstring, and सव्य इतरकर-गृहीतं held by the left hand निगूढान्तरं with the middle concealed by the प्रकोष्ठे forearm, and मुष्टौ च clenched fist स्थगयति covering them.

Oh, Uma! Ever bent on dispelling the fears of the world! I take Your two slightly knit eye-brows to be the bow of the consort of Rati, provided with Your bee-like pair of eyes as the bowstring and held by the left hand with the middle concealed by the fore-arm and clenched fist covering them. S.L. 47

Japam:Morning facing E /N 1000 times for 25 dBenefit:Power to attract gods and menYantram:Gold plate

Naivedyam: Fruits, honey, coconut



Sloka 47

- भुवन–भय–भङ्ग–व्यसनिनि :
 भुवनानां जगतां, भयस्य उपद्रवस्य, भङ्गे नाशकरणे, व्यसनम्– तदेकप्रवणता अस्या अस्ति इति Lakshmidhara
- भीत–भक्तजन–त्राण–दीक्षिते Arunamodhini
- सव्य इतरकर–गृहीतं : सव्यो दक्षिण:, तत् इतरो वाम: सचासौ करच्च तेन गृहीतं सव्येतर शब्देन एकेनैव हस्तेन सर्वदा धृतं, न तु बाणप्रयोग अर्थं इति सूच्यते Savyam also is used to mean left in some places – For eg.

sacAmara ramA vANI savya-dakshiNa sevitA – LS

- उमा–अपर्णा तु निराहारा तां माता प्रत्यभाषत। उ मा इति निषेदन्ती उमेत्येव तथा भवत्
- When Parvati did penance even w/o eating leaf, her mother MenA devi, called her "u" and "mA", she got that name
- umA-Sailendra tanayA LS
- the three letters of praNava OM names a u m change order to become u-m-a umA; so is called devI praNava
- Thoughts of highest order uttama cittavrutti is called umA
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